TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the global coalition against corruption

Transparency International is a global movement with one vision: a world in which government, business, civil society and the daily lives of people are free of corruption. Through more than 100 chapters worldwide and an international secretariat in Berlin, we are leading the fight against corruption to turn this vision into reality.

#cpi2018

www.transparency.org/cpi

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CORRUPTION PERCEPTIONS INDEX 2018

The 2018 Corruption Perceptions Index, published by Transparency International, measures the perceived levels of public sector corruption in 180 countries and territories. Drawing on 13 surveys of businesspeople and expert assessments, the index scores on a scale of zero (highly corrupt) to 100 (very clean).

The results paint a sadly familiar picture: more than **two-thirds of countries score below 50**, while the average score is just 43. Perhaps most disturbing is that **the vast majority of countries assessed have made little to no progress**. Only 20 have made significant progress in recent years.

As long as corruption continues to go largely unchecked, democracy is under threat around the world.

"Corruption chips away at democracy to produce a vicious cycle, where corruption undermines democratic institutions and, in turn, weak institutions are less able to control corruption," said Patricia Moreira, managing director of Transparency International. "With many democratic institutions under threat across the globe – often by leaders with authoritarian or populist tendencies – we need to do more to **strengthen checks and balances and protect citizens' rights.**"

Citizens demand transparency.

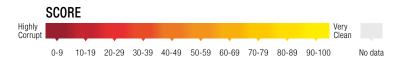
Recent anti-corruption protests from Mongolia to Romania to Guatemala have made clear the public's outrage with politicians' abuse of office and attempts to limit their own accountability. Voters' frustration with corruption has also reshaped the politics of several countries in the past few years. The leaders riding waves of discontent to positions of power must pay more than lip-service to anti-corruption; **it should enter the DNA of their policies and reforms**.

"Our research makes a clear link between having a healthy democracy and successfully fighting public sector corruption," said Delia Ferreira Rubio, chair of Transparency International. "Corruption is much more likely to flourish where democratic foundations are weak and, as we have seen in many countries, where undemocratic and populist politicians capture democratic institutions and use them to their advantage."

180 COUNTRIES. 180 SCORES.

HOW DOES YOUR COUNTRY MEASURE UP?

The perceived levels of public sector corruption in 180 countries/territories around the world.

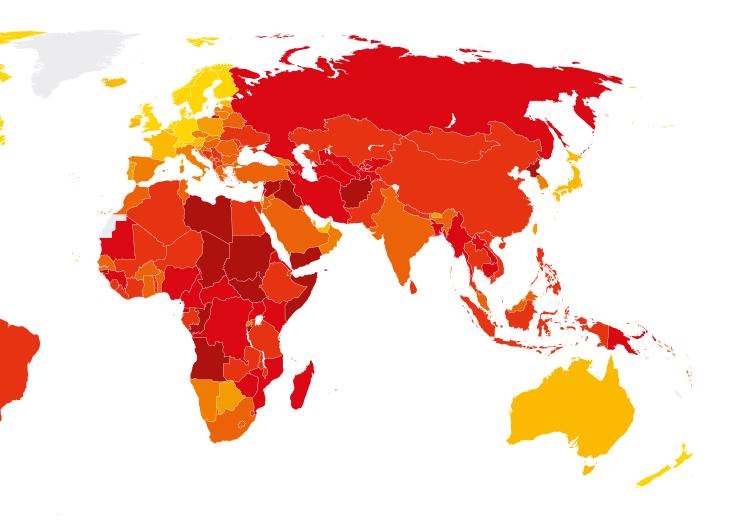




GLOBAL ANALYSIS

SCORE	COUNTRY/TERRITORY	RANK
88	Denmark	1
87	New Zealand	2
85	Finland	3
85	Singapore	3
85	Sweden	3
85	Switzerland	3
84	Norway	7
82	Netherlands	8
81	Canada	9
81	Luxembourg	9
80	Germany	11
80	United Kingdom	11
77	Australia	13
76	Austria	14
76	Hong Kong	14
76	Iceland	14
75	Belgium	17
73	Estonia	18
73	Ireland	18
73	Japan	18
72	France	21
71	United States	22
70	United Arab Emirates	23
70	Uruguay	23
68	Barbados	25

68	Bhutan	25	53	Namibia	52
67	Chile	27	52	Grenada	53
66	Seychelles	28	52	Italy	53
65	Bahamas	29	52	Oman	53
64	Portugal	30	51	Mauritius	56
63	Brunei	31	50	Slovakia	57
	Darussalam		49	Jordan	58
63	Taiwan	31	49	Saudi Arabia	58
62	Qatar	33	48	Croatia	60
61	Botswana	34	47	Cuba	61
61	Israel	34	47	Malaysia	61
60	Poland	36	47	Romania	61
60	Slovenia	36	46	Hungary	64
59	Cyprus	38	46	Sao Tome	64
59	Czech Republic	38		and Principe	
59	Lithuania	38	46	Vanuatu	64
58	Georgia	41	45	Greece	67
58	Latvia	41	45	Montenegro	67
58	Saint Vincent and	41	45	Senegal	67
	the Grenadines		44	Belarus	70
58	Spain	41	44	Jamaica	70
57	Cabo Verde	45	44	Solomon Islands	70
57	Dominica	45	43	Morocco	73
57	Korea, South	45	43	South Africa	73
56	Costa Rica	48	43	Suriname	73
56	Rwanda	48	43	Tunisia	73
55	Saint Lucia	50	42	Bulgaria	77
54	Malta	51	41	Burkina Faso	78



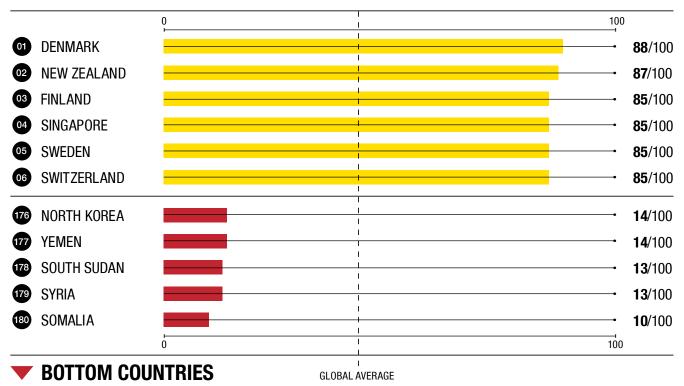
41	Ghana	78
41	India	78
41	Kuwait	78
41	Lesotho	78
41	Trinidad and Tobago	78
41	Turkey	78
40	Argentina	85
40	Benin	85
39	China	87
39	Serbia	87
38	Bosnia and Herzegovina	89
38	Indonesia	89
38	Sri Lanka	89
38	Swaziland	89
37	Gambia	93
37	Guyana	93
37	Kosovo	93
37	Macedonia	93
37	Mongolia	93
37	Panama	93
36	Albania	99
36	Bahrain	99
36	Colombia	99
36	Philippines	99
36	Tanzania	99
36	Thailand	99

35 A	Algeria Armenia Brazil Côte d'Ivoire	105 105 105
35 E	Brazil	
		105
35 (Côte d'Ivoire	
•		105
35 E	Egypt	105
35 E	El Salvador	105
35 F	Peru	105
35	Timor-Leste	105
35 2	Zambia	105
34	Ecuador	114
34	Ethiopia	114
34	Niger	114
33	Moldova	117
33 F	Pakistan	117
33 \	/ietnam	117
32 L	_iberia	120
32	Malawi	120
32 N	Иali	120
32 L	Jkraine	120
31	Ojibouti	124
31 (Gabon	124
31 P	Kazakhstan	124
31 N	Maldives	124
31	Nepal	124
	Dominican Republic	129
30	Sierra Leone	129
30	Годо	129

29	Bolivia	132
29	Honduras	132
29	Kyrgyzstan	132
29	Laos	132
29	Myanmar	132
29	Paraguay	132
28	Guinea	138
28	Iran	138
28	Lebanon	138
28	Mexico	138
28	Papua New Guinea	138
28	Russia	138
27	Comoros	144
27	Guatemala	144
27	Kenya	144
27	Mauritania	144
27	Nigeria	144
26	Bangladesh	149
26	Central African Republic	149
26	Uganda	149
25	Azerbaijan	152
25	Cameroon	152
25	Madagascar	152
25	Nicaragua	152
25	Tajikistan	152
24	Eritrea	157

23	Mozambique	158
23	Uzbekistan	158
22	Zimbabwe	160
20	Cambodia	161
20	Democratic Republic of the Congo	161
20	Haiti	161
20	Turkmenistan	161
19	Angola	165
19	Chad	165
19	Congo	165
18	Iraq	168
18	Venezuela	168
17	Burundi	170
17	Libya	170
16	Afghanistan	172
16	Equatorial Guinea	172
16	Guinea Bissau	172
16	Sudan	172
14	Korea, North	176
14	Yemen	176
13	South Sudan	178
13	Syria	178
10	Somalia	180

TOP COUNTRIES



HIGHEST SCORING REGION

WESTERN EUROPE& EUROPEAN UNION

66/100

AVERAGE REGIONAL SCORE



SINCE 2017

LOWEST SCORING REGION

SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

32/100

AVERAGE REGIONAL SCORE



SINCE 2017

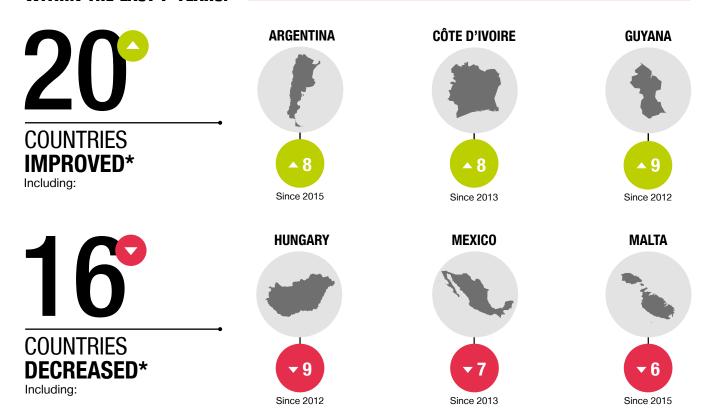
2/3 OF COUNTRIES SCORE BELOW

50/100

THE **AVERAGE**COUNTRY SCORE IS

43/100

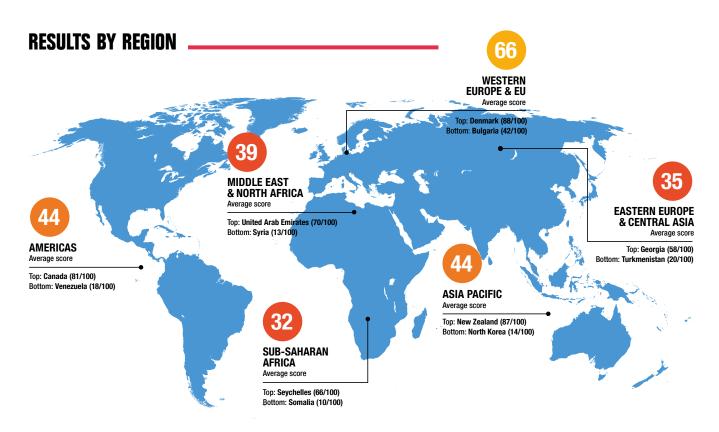
WITHIN THE LAST 7 YEARS:





THE REMAINING COUNTRIES MADE LITTLE OR NO PROGRESS IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION IN RECENT YEARS

*In these six examples, we report the year between 2012 and 2018 from which the score change is statistically significant



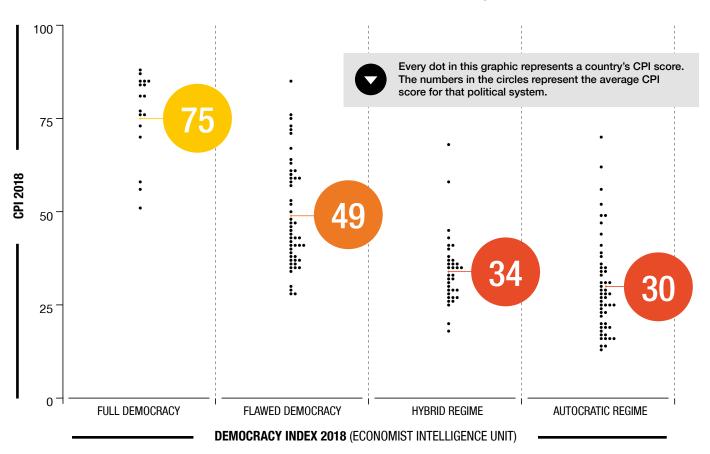
CORRUPTION AND THE CRISIS OF DEMOCRACY

"Our research makes a clear link between having a healthy democracy and successfully fighting public sector corruption. Corruption is much more likely to flourish where democratic foundations are weak and, as we have seen in many countries, where undemocratic and populist politicians capture democratic institutions and use them to their advantage."

Delia Ferreira Rubio, chair of Transparency International

CORRUPTION UNDERMINES DEMOCRACY

Beating corruption is crucial to healthy democracy. There are **no full democracies that score below 50** on the CPI. Similarly, very few countries that have autocratic characteristics score higher than 50.



The following countries have experienced a decline in both the health of their democracies* and control of corruption:

* From Freedom House

TURKEY

CPI SCORE 41/100

HUNGARY

CPI SCORE 4

46/100

CHANGE IN DEMOCRACY RATING 2012-2018

CHANGE IN CPI SCORE 2012-2018

CHANGE IN
DEMOCRACY RATING
2012-2018

-9 °S

CHANGE IN CPI SCORE 2012-2018

REGIONAL ANALYSIS

AMERICAS

44/100

AVERAGE SCORE

serious inroads against corruption. Populist leaders are transforming politics across the region, raising red flags through their treatment of the media, civil society and democratic institutions, all of which risk becoming less able to act as checks and balances against corruption.

The Americas region continues to fail in making any

SCORE	COUNTRY/TERRITORY	RANK
81	Canada	9
71	United States	22
70	Uruguay	23
68	Barbados	25
67	Chile	27
65	Bahamas	29
58	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	41
57	Dominica	45
56	Costa Rica	48
55	Saint Lucia	50
52	Grenada	53
47	Cuba	61
44	Jamaica	70
43	Suriname	73
41	Trinidad and Tobago	78
40	Argentina	85

37	Guyana	93
37	Panama	93
36	Colombia	99
35	Brazil	105
35	El Salvador	105
35	Peru	105
34	Ecuador	114
30	Dominican Republic	129
29	Bolivia	132
29	Honduras	132
29	Paraguay	132
28	Mexico	138
27	Guatemala	144
25	Nicaragua	152
20	Haiti	161
18	Venezuela	168



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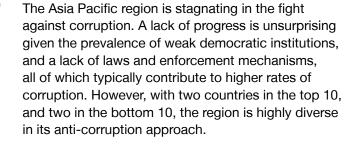
COUNTRIES TO WATCH

The United States (US) dropped four points since last year to earn its lowest score on the CPI in seven years. This decline comes at a time when the US is experiencing threats to its system of checks and balances as well as an erosion of ethical norms at the highest levels of power.

ASIA PACIFIC

44/100

AVERAGE SCORE



RANK

38

36

33

31

31

28

26

20

16

Sri Lanka

Mongolia

Thailand

Pakistan

Vietnam

Maldives

Myanmar

Bangladesh

Afghanistan

Korea, North

Cambodia

Papua New Guinea 138

Nepal

Laos

Philippines

Timor-Leste

89

93

99

99

105

117

117

124

124

132

132

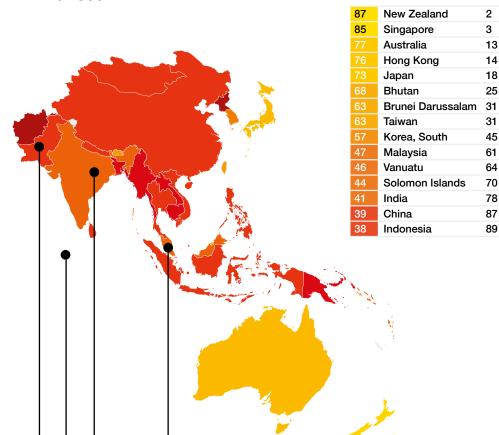
149

161

172

176

SCORE COUNTRY/TERRITORY





COUNTRIES TO WATCH

Massive public mobilisation against corruption and voter turnout resulted in new governments and anti-corruption reforms in India, Malaysia, the Maldives, and Pakistan. Despite these encouraging developments, we are yet to see how they translate into solid action, especially when it comes to combatting elusive forms of grand corruption.

EASTERN EUROPE & CENTRAL ASIA

35/100

AVERAGE SCORE

Eastern Europe and Central Asia is the second lowest scoring region in the index, head of Sub-Saharan Africa. With nearly every country scoring 45 or less out of 100, there has been very little progress in combatting corruption. A general lack of political will, weak institutions and few political rights create an environment where corruption flourishes with little opposition.





COUNTRIES TO WATCH

Armenia is expected to begin enacting anticorruption reforms in 2019. Judicial reform should be at the top of the priority list; a proper separation of powers, as well as the appropriate checks and balances, will go a long way to ensuring these reforms are a success. The role of civil society is also crucial.

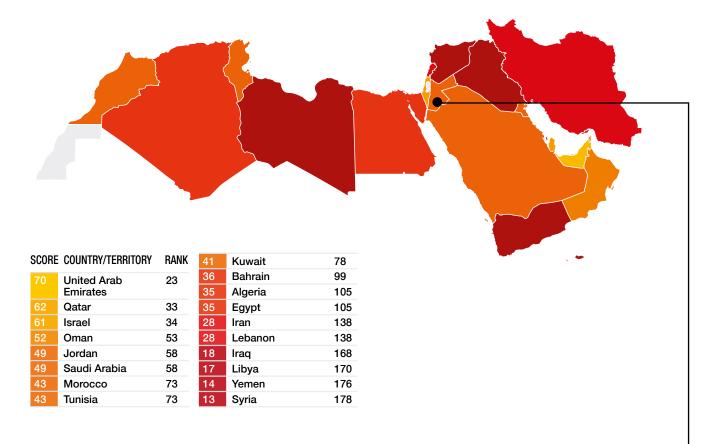
SCORE	COUNTRY/TERRITORY	RANK
58	Georgia	41
45	Montenegro	67
44	Belarus	70
41	Turkey	78
39	Serbia	87
38	Bosnia and Herzegovina	89
37	Kosovo	93
37	Macedonia	93
36	Albania	99
35	Armenia	105
33	Moldova	117
32	Ukraine	120
31	Kazakhstan	124
29	Kyrgyzstan	132
28	Russia	138
25	Azerbaijan	152
25	Tajikistan	152
23	Uzbekistan	158
20	Turkmenistan	161

MIDDLE EAST & NORTHERN AFRICA

39/100

AVERAGE SCORE

The fight against corruption in the Middle East and Northern Africa remains grim. In a region where civil liberties continue to be under repressive state control and the social contract between states and their citizens has been broken for decades, it is no surprise that corruption remains stubbornly high. Leaders need to strengthen checks and balances, support citizens' rights and deliver on anti-corruption commitments.





COUNTRIES TO WATCH

In Jordan, citizen protests helped unseat the prime minister, but the new government has yet to fulfil its anti-corruption commitments. Another challenge is the presence of influential actors blocking government attempts to advance anti-corruption. Looking ahead, the government should ensure financial and administrative independence of public institutions, and protect civil society and free speech.

SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

32/100

AVERAGE SCORE

Sub-Saharan Africa is the lowest scoring region on the index, and has failed to translate its anti-corruption commitments into any real progress. A region with stark political and socio-economic contrasts and longstanding challenges, many of its countries struggle with ineffective institutions and weak democratic values, which threaten anti-corruption efforts.

SCORE	COUNTRY/TERRITORY	RANK
66	Seychelles	28
61	Botswana	34
57	Cabo Verde	45
56	Rwanda	48
53	Namibia	52
51	Mauritius	56
46	Sao Tome and Principe	64
45	Senegal	67
43	South Africa	73
41	Burkina Faso	78
41	Ghana	78
41	Lesotho	78

40	Benin	85
38	Swaziland	89
37	Gambia	93
36	Tanzania	99
35	Côte d'Ivoire	105
35	Zambia	105
34	Ethiopia	114
34	Niger	114
32	Liberia	120
32	Malawi	120
32	Mali	120
31	Djibouti	124
31	Gabon	124
30	Sierra Leone	129

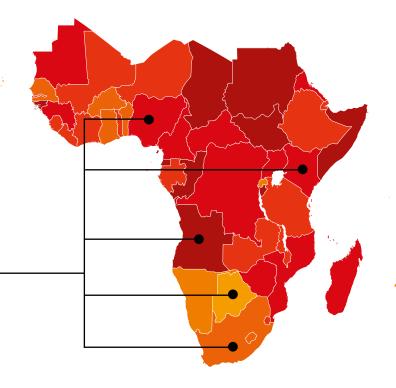
30	Togo	129
28	Guinea	138
27	Comoros	144
27	Kenya	144
27	Mauritania	144
27	Nigeria	144
26	Central African Republic	149
00	Haranda	440
26	Uganda	149
25	Cameroon	149 152
	•	
25	Cameroon	152
25 25	Cameroon Madagascar	152 152
25 25 24	Cameroon Madagascar Eritrea	152 152 157

20	Democratic Republic of the Congo	161
19	Angola	165
19	Chad	165
19	Congo	165
17	Burundi	170
16	Equatorial Guinea	172
16	Guinea Bissau	172
16	Sudan	172
13	South Sudan	178
10	Somalia	180

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COUNTRIES TO WATCH

Despite stagnation across the region, there are some promising political developments, particularly in Angola, Kenya, Nigeria and South Africa. In South Africa, citizen engagement and various official inquiries into corruption abuses are positive steps, while new leadership in Angola provides hope for anti-corruption reforms.



WESTERN EUROPE & EU

66/100

AVERAGE SCORE

While Western Europe and the European Union are doing better than other parts of the globe, they still have a long way to go to tackle corruption effectively. A lack of prioritising anti-corruption reforms alongside rising populist rhetoric combine with weakening democratic institutions in many countries to make a **strong case for renewed efforts**.

SCORE COUNTRY/TERRITORY RANK				
88	Denmark	1		
85	Finland	3		
85	Sweden	3		
85	Switzerland	3		
84	Norway	7		
82	Netherlands	8		
81	Luxembourg	9		
80	Germany	11		
80	United Kingdom	11		
76	Austria	14		
76	Iceland	14		
75	Belgium	17		
73	Estonia	18		
73	Ireland	18		
72	France	21		

64	Portugal	30
60	Poland	36
60	Slovenia	36
59	Cyprus	38
59	Czech Republic	38
59	Lithuania	38
58	Latvia	41
58	Spain	41
54	Malta	51
52	Italy	53
50	Slovakia	57
48	Croatia	60
47	Romania	61
46	Hungary	64
45	Greece	67
42	Bulgaria	77





COUNTRIES TO WATCH

The Czech Republic has been steadily improving its CPI score since 2014, but events in the past year suggest gains may be fragile. The prime minister has been found guilty of conflict of interest in relation to his media holdings. He has also been accused of conflict of interest over connections to a company which has received millions of euros in EU subsidies.

CREATE CHANGE WITH US

ENGAGE

How do you feel about your country's place in the Corruption Perceptions Index? Follow us, share your views and discuss corruption with people from around the world on social media.



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Visit our website to learn more about our work in more than 100 countries and sign up for the latest news in the fight against corruption.

transparency.org

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Your donation will help us provide support to thousands of victims of corruption, develop new tools and research and hold governments and businesses to their promises. We want to build a fairer, more just world. With your help, we can.

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Transparency International International Secretariat Alt-Moabit 96, 10559 Berlin, Germany

Phone: +49 30 34 38 200 Fax: +49 30 34 70 39 12

ti@transparency.org www.transparency.org

Blog: voices.transparency.org Facebook: /transparencyinternational Twitter: @anticorruption